

Sample questions
Class-vii
Subject-Social science

History:

Chapter-1 Where, When and How: The Medieval Period in India

1. Questions for 1 mark

- i) What does the word "Medieval" mean?
- ii) What was called India during the Vedic Age?
- iii) What are inscriptions?
- iv) What is epigraphy?
- v) What is Prashasti?
- vi) What are Coins?
- vii) What is Numismatic?
- viii) Who was Alberuni, Ibn Batuta and Marco Polo?

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) How Northern India known as the Land of the Aryans?
- ii) What are the literary evidences during the medieval Period?
- iii) Who Wrote Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan, Rajatarangini and Vikramankadeva?

3. Questions for 3 marks

- i) What were the different sources of information for Medieval History?
- ii) What were the different types of literary sources during the Medieval Period? Explain in brief.

Fill in the blank (4X1=4)

1. --, the 14th century C.E Morocco born traveler, wrote about the reign of Mohammad bin Tughaqu.
2. The long poems in praise of king are called-----
3. The study of coins is called-----
4. The word Hindu was derived from the Sanskrit word-----.

Chapter-2 New Kings and Kingdoms

1. Question for 1 mark

- i) Who were Samantas?
- ii) Who ruled the Eastern and Southern India during the Medieval Period?
- iii) Who was Hieun Tsang?
- iv) Who was Nagabhatta I and II?
- v) Who was Ajeyaraja?
- vi) Who was Prithviraj Chauhan?
- vii) Who was Raja Bhoj?
- viii) What were Paramaras?
- ix) Who established Buddhist Monastery and college during the Medieval period?
- x) Who was Turkish Chief?

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) Who was Dharmapala, devapala and Mahipala?
- ii) Name some important Rajput Kingdoms.
- iii) When was Prithviraj Chauhan defeated and by whom?
- iv) Who were Pratiharas?
- v) What was the effect of the First Battle of Terrain?
- vi) What was the effect of the Second Battle of Terrain?

3. Questions for 3 marks

- i) Write a character sketch of Mohammad Ghori.
- ii) Explain the power and rule of Rashtrakutas.
- iii) Explain the contributions of Amoghavarsha?

Match the following (5x1=5)

- | | | |
|--|-----|----------------------|
| 1. Nagabatta ii | --- | Gangakondacholapuram |
| 2. Ajeyaraja | --- | Manyakheta |
| 3. RajaBhoj | --- | Ajmer |
| 4. Amoghavarsha I | --- | Dhar |
| 5. Rajandra chola | --- | Kannauj |
| 6. MAP: On a out line map of Indian subcontinent show following places from page-14 and 11. | | |

Chapter-3 The Delhi Sultanate

1. Questions for 1 mark

- i) Who was Qutubuddin Aibak?
- ii) What is the meaning of Mamluk?
- iii) Who was Iltutmish?
- iv) Who was Amir Khusrau?
- v) Who was the last Tughlaq ruler of Delhi Sultanate?
- vi) Who was Ibrahim Lodi?
- vii) Who was Babur?
- viii) Who attacked Mohammad Bin Tughlaq?

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) What were the names of two mosques build by Aibak?
- ii) Mention two major victories of Iltutmish.
- iii) How Mohammad Bin Tughlaq was attacked by Timur?
- iv) Who introduced Iqtas? What was the system of iqtas?

3. Questions for 3/4 marks

- i) What were the five successive dynasties during the reign of Delhi Sultans?
- ii) Write a character sketch of Razia Sultan.
- iii) How was the administrative policy of Iltutmish?
- iv) Describe the administrative policies of Muhammad Bin tughlaq.
- v) What were the administrative policies of Alauddin Khalji?

4. Map Work(1x6=6)

On an outline Map of India, locate the following places:
Ujjain, Gwalior, Nalanda, Ajmer, Mathura, Kannauj.

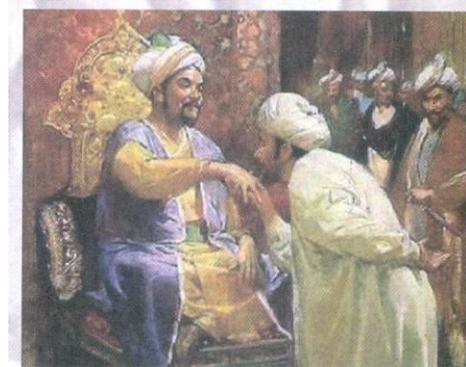
Match the following (5x1=5)

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| 1. The slave dynasty --- | 1451-1526 CE |
| 2. The Khaljis --- | 1414-1451 CE |
| 3. The Tughlaqs --- | 1206-1290 CE |
| 4. The Sayyids --- | 1290-1320 CE |
| 5. The Lodis --- | 1320-1399 CE |
| 6. Picture identification: | |



- Identified this Tomb(1)
- Who was the person whom it belongs to(1)
- Write any one achievement of him(1)

- 7.
- Who were these persons(2)
 - Explain one taken by the sultan in the picture(1)



Chapter-4 The Mughal Empire.

True/False question (4x1=4)

1. The Governor of Punjab, Maharana Sangram Singh, had declared his independence from the Delhi.(1)
2. Babur and Rana Sangha meet at the Battle of Ghagra near Fatehpur Sikri.(1)
3. Man Singh introduced the Dasha system.(1)
4. Bernier and Tavernier were Italian travelers, visited the court of Shah Jahan and have left description about his rule.(1)

Question answers:

5. Explain Akbar's policies toward Rajputs.(4)
6. Indicate the various problems faced by Humayun to consolidate the Mughal rule in India.(4)
7. Write a note on the administrative framework introduced by Akbar.(4)
8. **MAP:** On an outline map of the Indian subcontinent show the following places from page-35 and 44.
9. Explain how Aurangzeb came to power.(3)
10. Write about Aurangzeb's character.(2)
11. What are the unique features of the Dasha system?(3)
12. Write a note on the religious policies of Akbar.(3)
13. Who were the participants of Panipat? What was the result of the battle?(2)

Chapter-5

Architecture as power-Forts and Sacred places

True and False questions:

1. The 12th century C.E Vijay sthambha at chittor is an unquistely carved eight storey victory pillar.(1)
2. In Gujrat, architecture blossomed under the rule of the Solankis.(1)
3. Alauddin Khalji also built the city of Siri the thired of the seven cities of Delhi.(1)
4. Humayum's Tomb was built by Humayum himself.(1)
5. The Badshahi Mosque in Lahore was the contribution of Shah jahan.(1)

Questions

6. Describing the important monuments built in Bengal, Gujarat , and Deccan in Medieval period of India.(4)
7. What are the unique features of the Indo-Islamic architecture?(4)
8. Explain ,why the great kings built monuments?(4)
9. Distinguish, between the temple of North and south India.(4)
10. Name the seven cities of Delhi built during the Medieval period.(3)
11. **VBQ**-The student of st. john want for a field trip in nearby temple of Kanchipuram.The students in the temple making funs of the sculpture and decoration .There teacher called them and makes them understand the glory and pride and important of it in Indian culture. What value did their teacher teach them?(3)

GEOGRAPHY.

Chapter1 Our Environment

1. Questions for 1 mark

- i) What is environment?
- ii) How can we classify environment?
- iii) What is lithosphere?
- iv) What is atmosphere?
- v) What is hydrosphere?
- vi) What is water cycle?
- vii) Define biosphere.
- viii) What is an ecosystem?
- ix) Who are environmentalists?
- x) Give two examples of human made environment.

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) What is the difference between physical and biological environment?
- ii) Distinguish between biotic and abiotic environment.
- iii) Why earth is called Blue Planet?
- iv) Mention some environmental issues.

3. Questions for 3/4 marks

- i) What is the importance of lithosphere?
- ii) How atmosphere is useful?
- iii) How biosphere is important?
- iv) Explain human made environment with examples.
- v) Explain the concept of environmental degradation.

Match the following (4x1-4)

1. Physical environment --- Rainfall

2. Biological environment --- Community
3. Human environment -- Hydrosphere
4. Ecosystem --- Biosphere

Chapter-2 Interior of the Earth:

1. Questions for 1 mark

- i) What are the main layers of the earth?
- ii) What is crust?
- iii) Define Sial?
- iv) What is Mantle?
- v) Define Magma.
- vi) What is ductile?
- vii) Define Core.
- viii) What are fossil fuels?
- ix) Define rock cycle.
- x) Define weathering
- xi) Define gradation.
- xii) What is Asthenosphere?

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) How Mantle can be classified?
- ii) How Core is divided? Explain.
- iii) What are rocks and minerals? Give examples.
- iv) Write two uses of rocks.
- v) Write two uses of minerals.

3. Questions for 3/4 marks

- i) Distinguish between organic and inorganic minerals with suitable examples.
- ii) State the difference between extrusive and intrusive rocks with examples.

Explain the various types of rocks

Fill in blanks (4x1=4)

1. --- is an example of intrusive rocks.
2. The rock that formed under intense heat and pressure is ----
3. ----- is an example of organic minerals.
4. The molten material in the lower mantle is called ---

Chapter-3 The Changing face of the Earth

1. Questions for 1 mark

- i) How earth's movements take place?
- ii) What are endogenetic forces?
- iii) What are convection cells?
- iv) What are the forces of mountain building?
- v) What is an earthquake?
- vi) Define seismic focus.

- vii) What is epicenter?
- viii) What is seismograph?
- ix) What is Richter scale?
- x) What is Volcano?
- xi) Define Lava.
- xii) What is Crater?
- xiii) What is soil erosion?
- xiv) What is plunge pool?
- xv) What is delta?
- xvi) Define Marine erosion.
- xvii) What is cirque?
- xviii) Define tarn.
- xix) Define Moraines.
- xx) What are glaciers?

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) Distinguish between convergent and divergent plates with examples.
- ii) What are folds and fault?
- iii) What are the different stages in river life?
- iv) Explain the features which are caused by river erosion.
- v) What are the features caused by wave action?
- vi) What are the different types of glaciers?

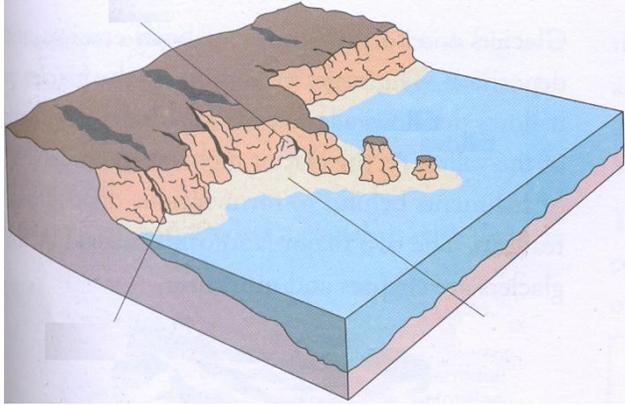
3. Questions for 3/4 marks

- i) Write the difference between Active Volcanoes, Dormant Volcanoes and Extinct Volcanoes.

Picture identification



1.
 - Name the two features of river formed in this picture(2)
 - In which stage of the river this feature seen(1)
- 2.



- Name any two features that formed due to wave action(1)
- Which activates of sea causes such features?(1)
- Define any one feature.(1)

Chapter-5 Element of weather and climate.

1. What do you mean by insolation?(2)
2. Distinguish between weather and climate.(4)
3. What are the factors affecting temperature?(4)
4. Explain with diagram that heating of the atmosphere happened through radiation?(4)
5. Explain with diagram how sea and land breeze regulate the temperature in coastal regions.(4)
6. How does ocean current regulate the temperature of the coast?(2)
7. Put together and explain how Industrial Emission ,Urbanization and deforestation influence the temperature of a place.(2)

Chapter-6 Atmospheric pressure and wind.

1. **Hots:** What do you mean by thermal belts? and what are the various thermal zones?(3)
2. **HOTS;** why South-west monsoon is boon to the Indian Subcontinent? (3)
3. What are the factors formed the pressure belts?(2)
4. Distinguish between periodic and local winds.(2)
5. What is Coriolis force?(2)
6. Explain the law of Ferrel's.(2)
7. Describe the Harmattan wind.(3)
8. **Map:** On the outline maps of Indian Subcontinent separately show the direction of winds during winter and summer monsoon. (2x1=2)
9. **Map:**On an outline map of world show the of origin of the various local winds like Loo ,Harmattan, Chinook, and Foehn.(4x1=4)

Chapter-7 Humidity and Rainfall:

Match the following (5X1=5)

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Absolute Humidity | -- Wispy clouds |
| 2. Relatively Humidity | -- Grey sheets covering entire sky |
| 3. Cirrus | -- Billowing clouds |
| 4. Stratus | -- expressed in percentage |
| 5. Cumulus | -- expressed in Kg/m ³ |

Questions:

6. Where and how does cyclonic rainfall take place?(4)
7. Explain with diagram how does Orographic rainfall take place.(4)
8. Describes different types of clouds?(4)
9. Distinguished between snowfall and hailstones(2)

10. Distinguished between Frontal and convectional rainfall.(2)
11. Explain with example how humidity affect our life.(4)

CIVICES:

Chapter 1

Democracy

1. Questions for 1 mark

- i) What is Democracy?
- ii) Define government.
- iii) What are the different types of government?
- iv) What are the types of democracy?
- v) What is the meaning of Renaissance?
- vi) What is monarchical system?
- vii) Define totalitarian government.
- viii) Define democratic government.

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) Differentiate between Sabha and Samiti.
- ii) Differentiate between totalitarian and democratic government.
- iii) State the key elements of democracy.
- iv) What are the main objectives of United Nations?

3. Questions for 3/4 marks

- i) Explain the main objectives of United Nations.
- ii) What are the basic fundamental rights of our country?
- iii) What are the three main bodies of the government? Explain each of them.
- iv) Explain the key elements of a democracy.

Chapter-2 Institutional Representation of Democracy:

1. Question for 1 mark

- i) What includes the institutional representation of Democracy?
- ii) What is Franchise?
- iii) What is Universal Adult Franchise?
- iv) What is an election?
- v) What is bi election?
- vi) Who is the head of election commission and appointed by whom?
- vii) What are constituencies?
- viii) Define secret ballot.
- ix) What is coalition government?
- x) What is midterm election?

2. Questions for 2 marks

- i) Mention any four political parties of our country.
- ii) Differentiate between multi party and two parties.
- iii) Distinguish between bi election and midterm election.
- iv) Distinguish between absolute majority and simple majority.

3. Questions for 3/4 marks

- i) Explain the requirements for fair election?
- ii) Explain with example why some constituencies are reserved in our country.

4. Identification

- i) Identify the picture.
- ii) What is the significance of the picture above?

Fill in blanks (4X1=4)

1. Democracies run on the principle of ---- vote per person.
2. In India , to make elections truly representative each state is usually divided into a number of small unites called-----
3. ----- of India set the ball rolling by announcing the next elections.
4. When no single party gets a majority, on such case two or more parties join together to form a government called-----.

Chapter-3 State Government

1. Explain how can a bill become a law.(4)
2. Distinguished between two house of legislature base on term ,qualification ,power, strength and functions.(4)
3. Sketch out the judiciary system of a state and write the role of High court in it.(4)
4. What are the Qualification to be a Governor?(3)
5. What are the functions of a Speaker?(3)
6. Write the different between bicameral and unicameral.(2)
7. What will happened if president's rule recommended in a state?(3)
8. What are the subjects on which central and state government makes laws?(3)
9. **Vbq:** Satya find that many people of his village is not willing to cast their vote. He then explains the importance of their vote to the villagers. As a result villagers feel proud and promised that they will cast their vote. What values does show here.(2)

Chapter-4 Media and Democracy

True and False (4X1=4)

1. Magazines are example of a mass media.
2. An independent media cannot keep the Judiciary under check.
3. Government passed the right to information Act in 2006.(1)
4. One of the primary aims of the media should be serve state interest.

QUESTION:

5. 'The nature of media has changed vastly over the years.' Explain with example.(3)
6. Explain different of media.(2)
7. Show how can media served public interest?(3)
8. Why did a media should free from any interest ?(3)
9. Show with two examples that historically the media played a vital role in fighting feudal expression.(2)
10. Explain the statement 'Media should be socially responsible and responsive.'(2)

